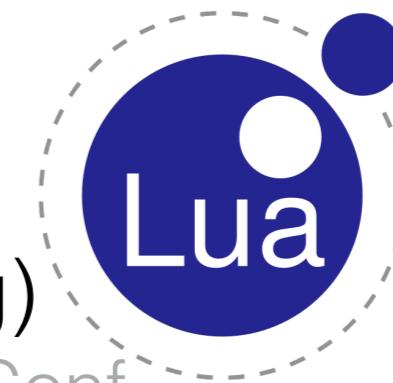


Using `ngx_lua` in UPYUN 2

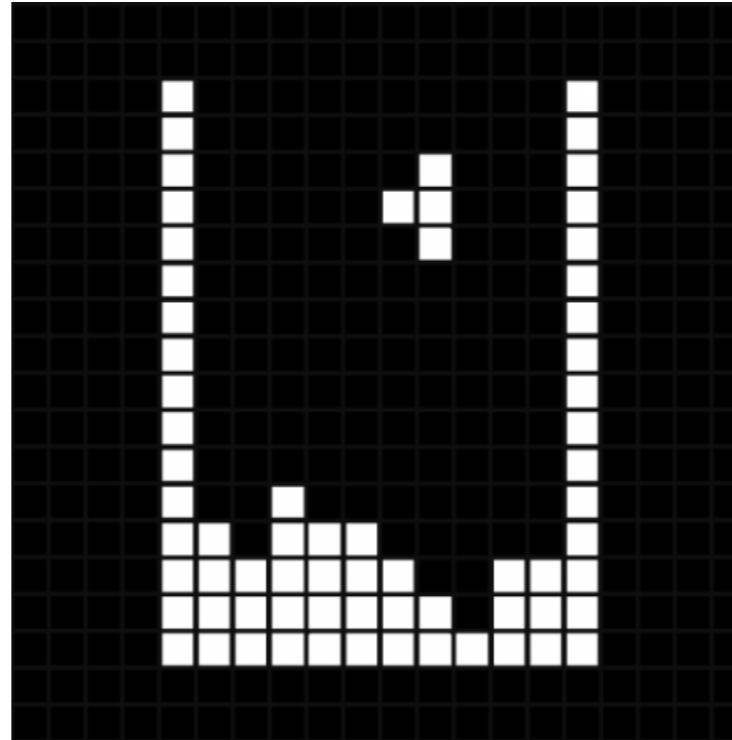


Monkey Zhang (timebug)
2015.11 @ Beijing Arch&Ops Conf





upyun



A Systems Engineer at **UPYUN**

- ★ Email: timebug.info@gmail.com
- ★ Github: <https://github.com/timebug>



```
$ ./configure --prefix=/opt/nginx \
--add-module=/path/to/lua-nginx-module
```

```
http {
    server {
        listen 8080;

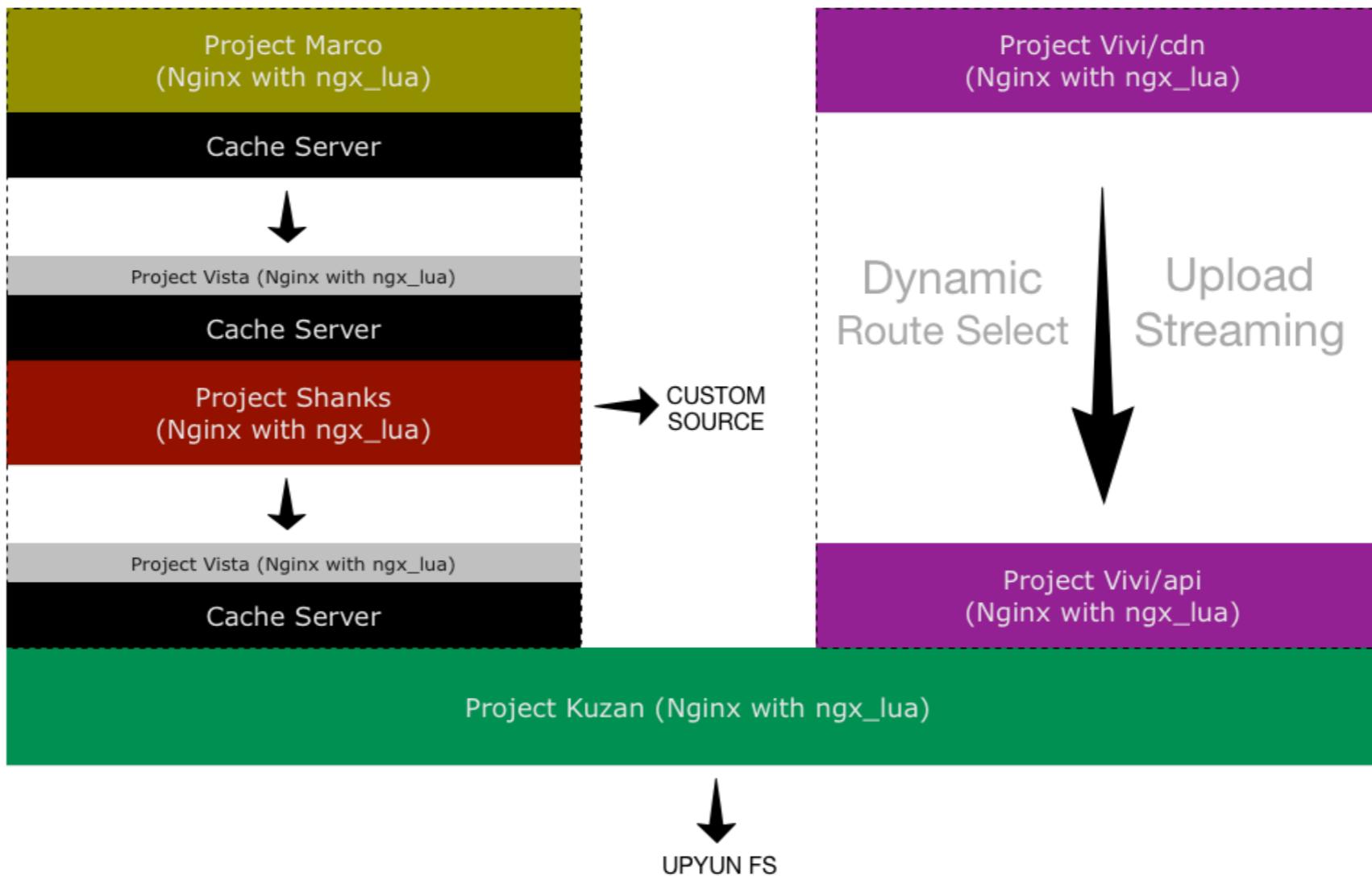
        location /add {
            set $res '';

            rewrite_by_lua '
                local a = tonumber(ngx.var.arg_a) or 0
                local b = tonumber(ngx.var.arg_b) or 0
                ngx.var.res = a + b
            ';

            content_by_lua '
                ngx.say(ngx.var.res)
            ';
        }
    }
}
```

```
$ curl 'http://localhost:8080/add?a=6&b=7'
```

UPYUN CDN



UPYUN CDN & API is built on top of
NGINX with **ngx_lua**

Why not use OpenResty?

40000+ lines Lua

lua-resty-sniff

lua-resty-limit-req

lua-resty-dbcache

lua-resty-combo

lua-resty-httpipe

lua-resty-httpproxy

lua-resty-anticc

lua-resty-checkups

lua-resty-rewrite

lua-resty-argutils

lua-resty-17monip

...

Project Structure:

NGINX with `ngx_lua`

~/project/upyun/marco

```
├── Makefile
├── README.md
├── addons
│   └── ngx_upxxx_module
├── deps
├── nginx
│   ├── app
│   │   └── etc
│   │       └── config.lua
│   ├── lib
│   │   └── resty
│   │       └── httpipe.lua
│   └── src
│       ├── modules
│       │   └── referer.lua
│       ├── marco_init.lua
│       └── marco_log.lua
└── conf
    └── nginx.conf
patches
tests
util
└── deps
└── lua-releng
└── ver.cfg
```

.....
make install

/usr/local/marco

```
└── luajit
    └── nginx
        ├── app
        │   └── etc
        │       └── config.lua
        ├── lib
        │   └── cjson.so
        └── resty
            └── httpipe.lua
        └── src
            ├── modules
            │   └── referer.lua
            ├── marco_init.lua
            └── marco_log.lua
        └── conf
            └── nginx.conf
        └── html
        └── logs
        └── sbin
            └── nginx
```

Project Structure:

Quick Start & Run

make deps → util/ver.cfg

make configure

make

make install

V_PCRE=8.34
V_NGINX=1.7.10
V_LUAJIT=2.1-20150223
V_LUA_CJSON=2.1.0
V_NGX_DEVEL_KIT=0.2.19
V_NGX_LUA_MODULE=0.9.15

Makefile

```
INSTALL_LIBDIR=$(PREFIX)/nginx/app/lib/
configure: deps luajit
    @echo "==== Configuring Nginx $(V_NGINX) ===="
    cd $(NGINX_DIR) && ./configure \
        --with-pcre=$(ROOTDIR)/deps/pcre-$(V_PCRE) \
        --with-ld-opt="-Wl,-rpath,$(LUAJIT_LIB),-rpath,$(INSTALL_LIBDIR)" \
        --add-module=$(ROOTDIR)/deps/ngx-devel-kit-$(V_NGX_DEVEL_KIT) \
        --add-module=$(ROOTDIR)/deps/lua-nginx-module-$(V_NGX_LUA_MODULE) \
        --prefix=$(PREFIX)/nginx
    @echo "==== Successfully configure Nginx $(V_NGINX) ===="
```

Project Structure: Development & Test

make dev

make test→

Makefile

```
test:  
    util/lua-releng  
    py.test tests/test_marco.py
```

tests/test_marco.py

```
class TestMarco(unittest.TestCase):  
  
    @no_error_log(["error"])  
    @grep_error_log(level=["info"],  
                    log_pattern="SSL_do_handshake[][] failed",  
                    log_out=["SSL_do_handshake() failed"])  
    def test_ssl_handler_no_certificate(self):  
        fake_resp = self.curl_ssl(sni="fake.com", verbose=True)  
        self.assertTrue("alert handshake failure" in fake_resp)
```

nginx.conf

service

server_name *.b0.upaiyun.com

Custom Domain Binding

valid_referers, **allow, deny**

Custom Antileech Rules and Redirect:
ip, user-agent, referer, token etc.

expires 7d

Custom Cache Control:
support specific URI rules etc.

ssl_certificate* **ssl_stapling***

Custom SSL

upstream { server 127.0.0.1 }

Custom CDN Origin:
support multi-network routing etc.

max_fails=3 fail_timeout=30s
health_check (*)

Custom Health Check Strategy:
passive, active

round-robin, ip_hash, **hash** (1.7.2+)

Custom Load Balancing Strategy

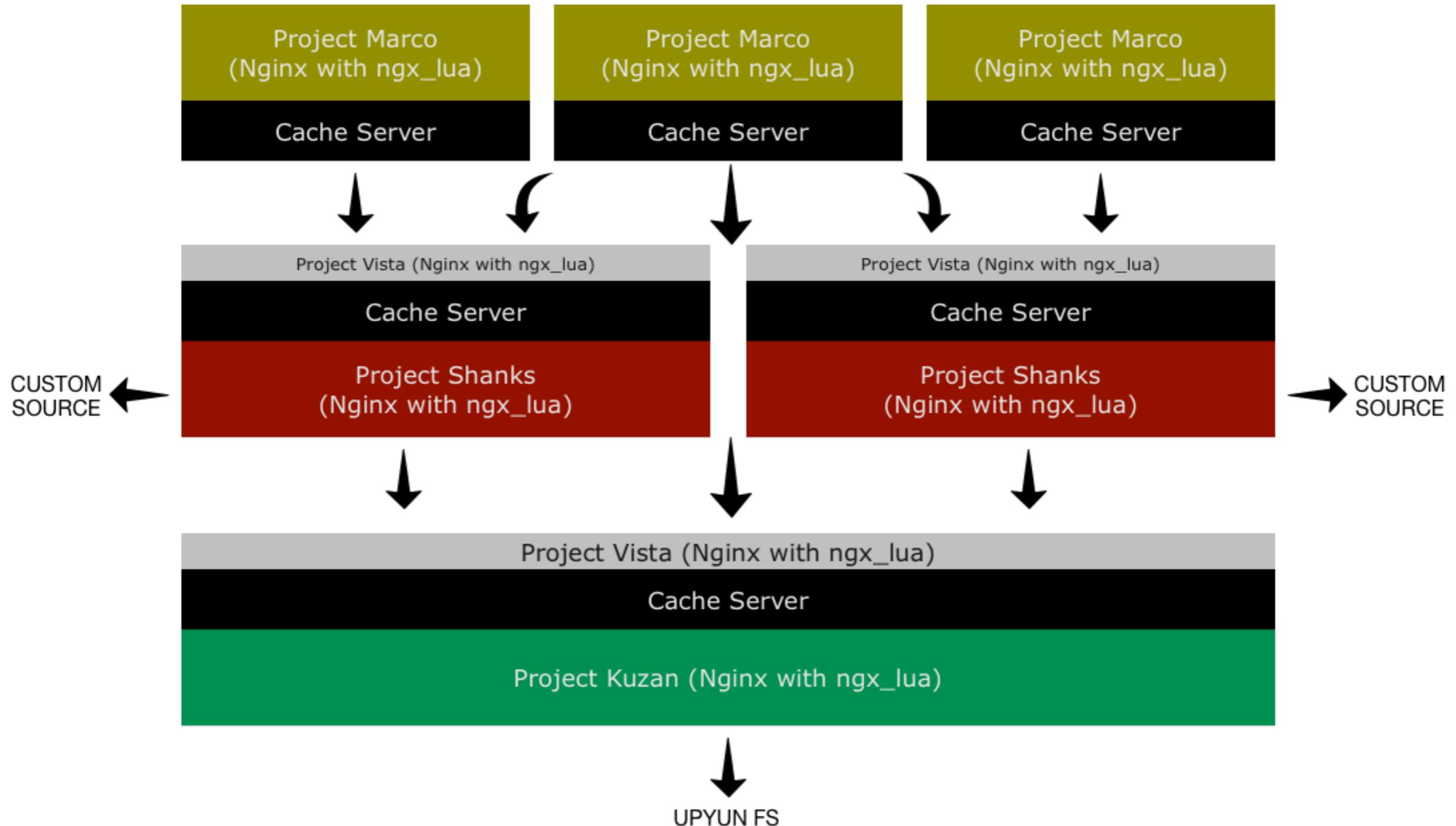
rewrite

Custom URL rewrite

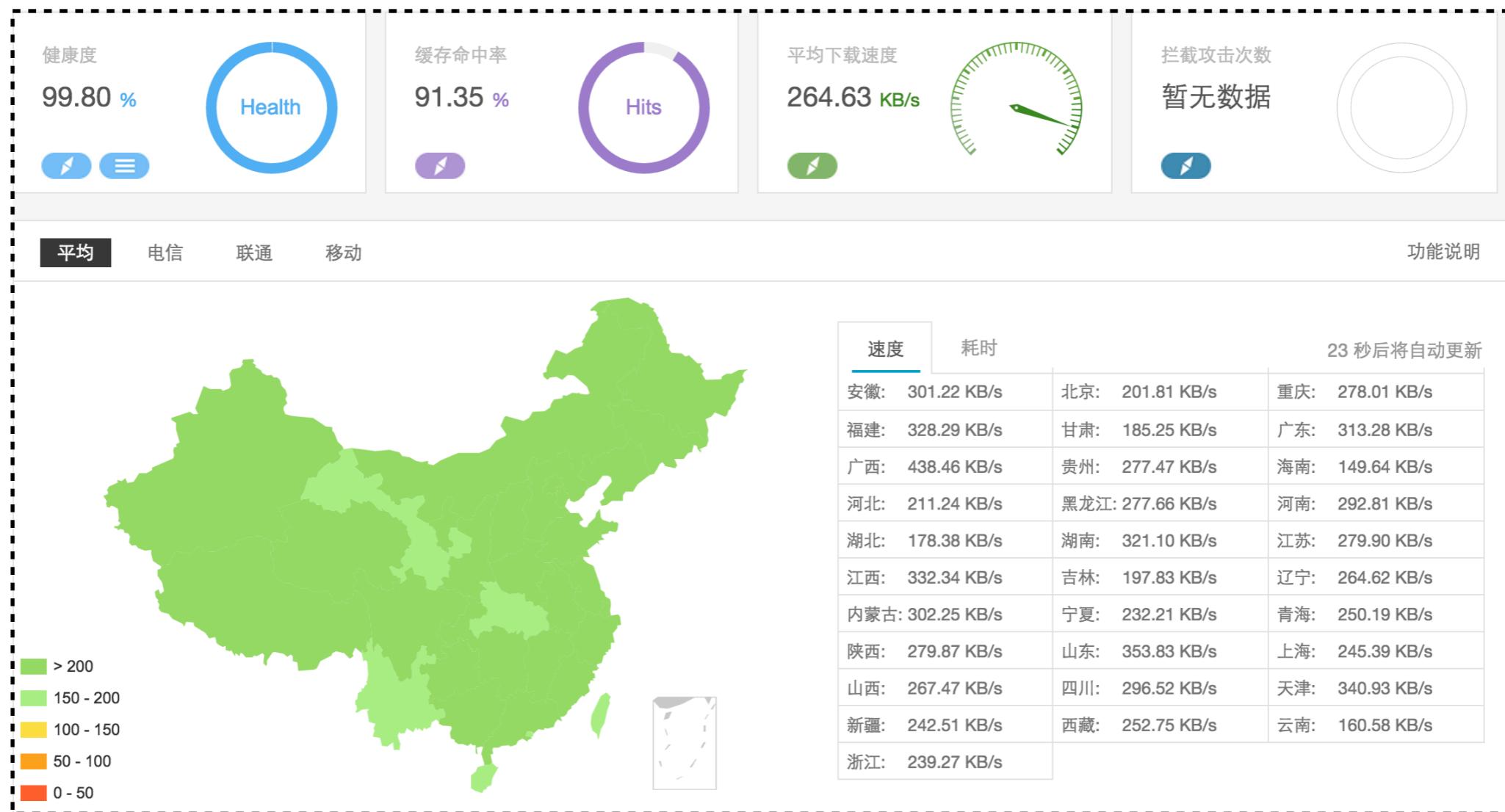
...

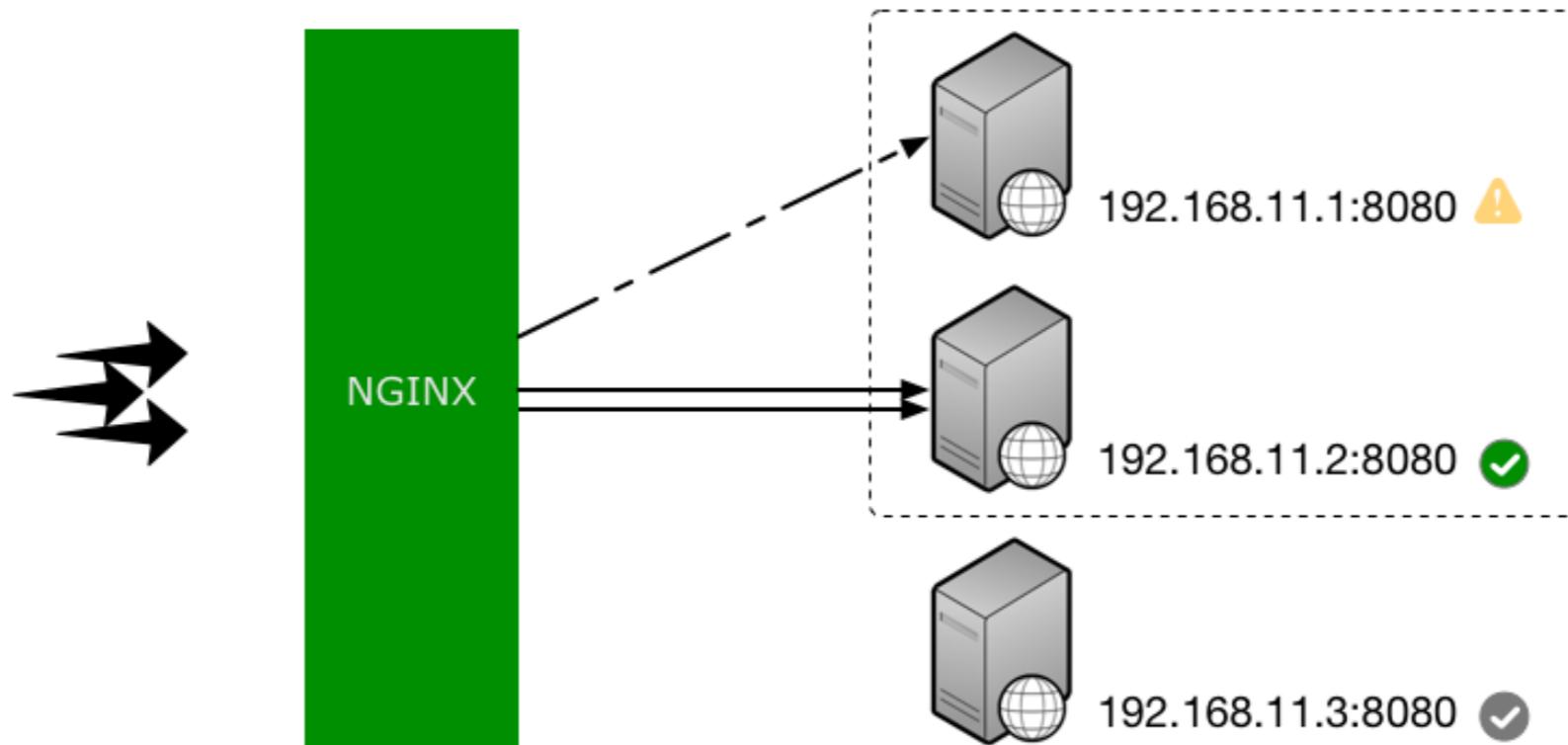
...

UPYUN CDN



130+ Edge Nodes





```
upstream blog.upyun.com {  
    server 192.168.11.1:8080 weight=1 max_fails=10 fail_timeout=30s;  
    server 192.168.11.2:8080 weight=2 max_fails=10 fail_timeout=30s;  
  
    server 192.168.11.3:8080 weight=1 max_fails=10 fail_timeout=30s backup;  
  
    proxy_next_upstream error timeout http_500;  
    proxy_next_upstream_tries 2;  
}
```

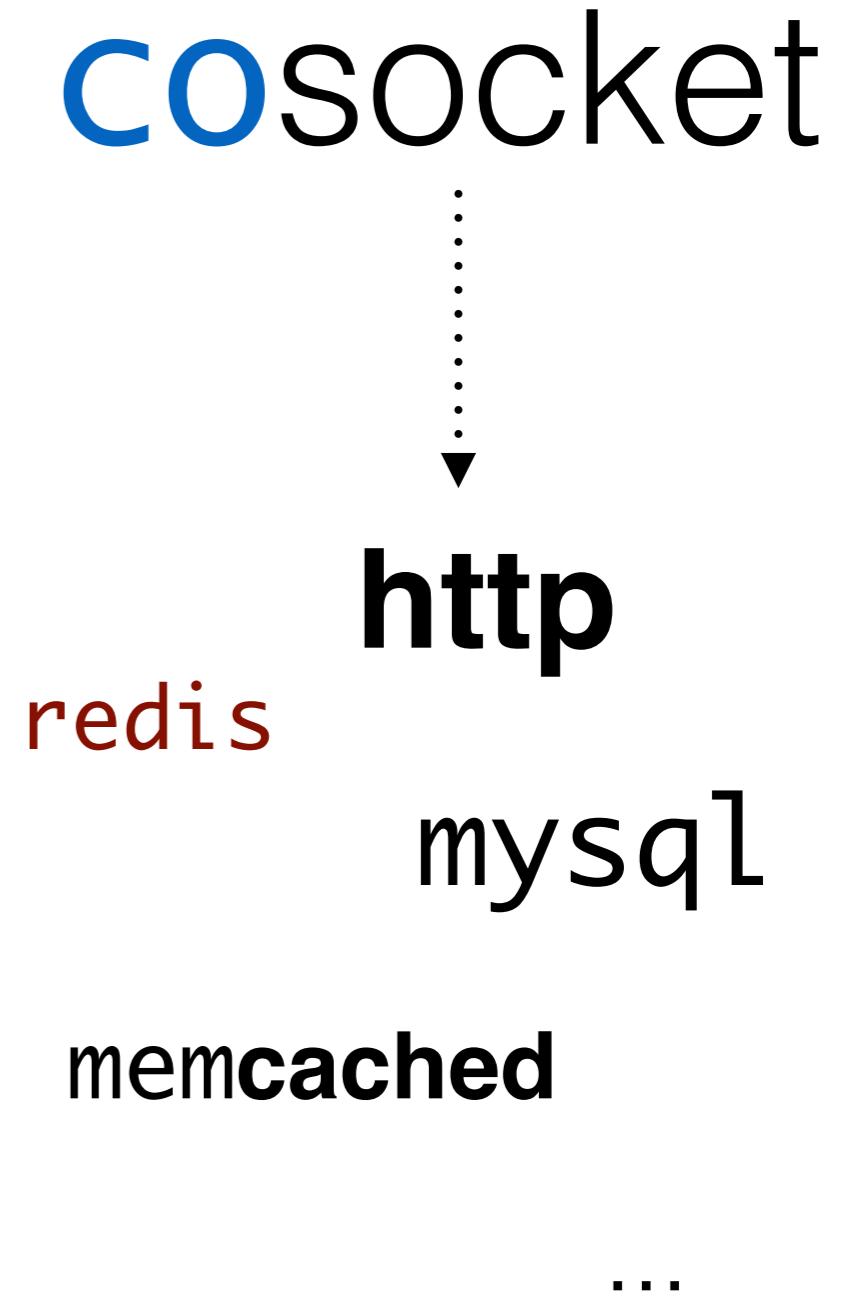
Lua Upstream Configuration: lua-resty-checkups

```
-- app/etc/config.lua

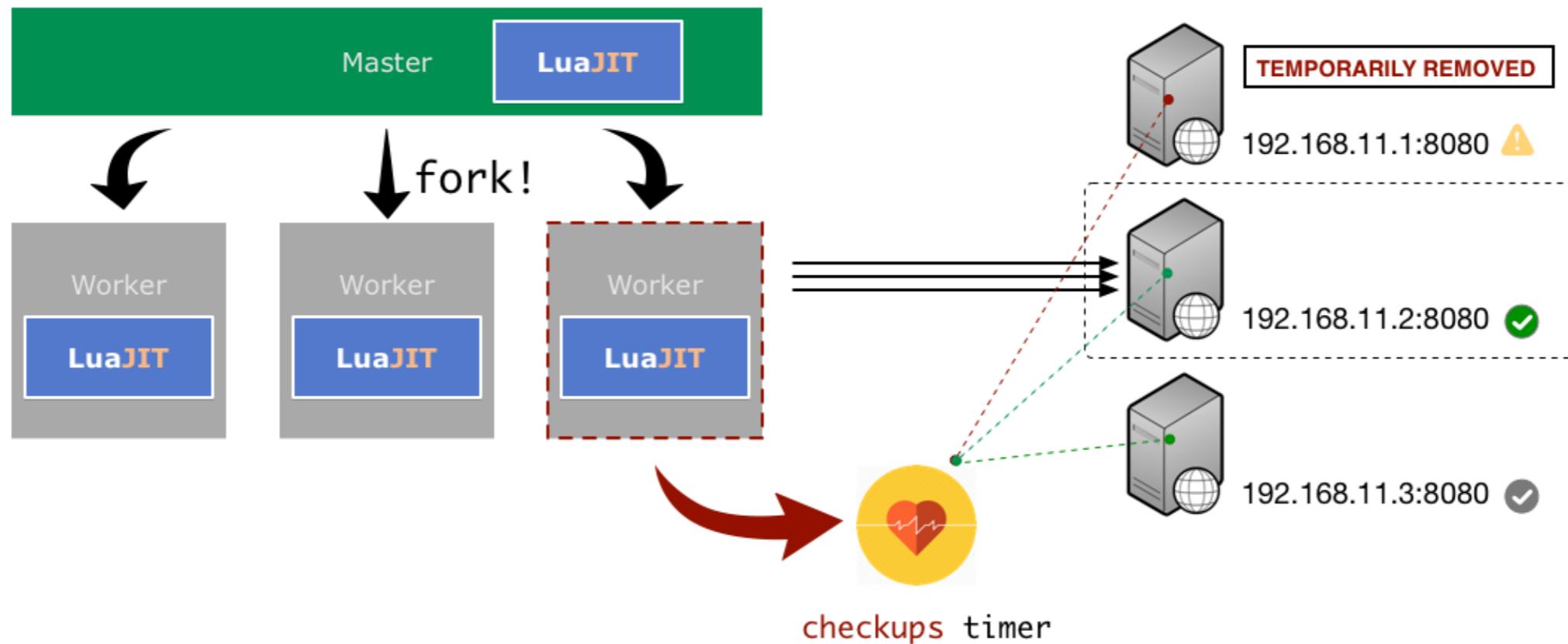
_M.global = {
    checkup_timer_interval = 5,
    checkup_timer_overtime = 60,
}

_M.api = {
    timeout = 2,
    typ = "general", -- http, redis, mysql etc.

    cluster = {
        { -- level 1
            try = 2,
            servers = {
                { host = "192.168.11.1", port = 8080, weight = 1 },
                { host = "192.168.11.2", port = 8080, weight = 2 },
            }
        },
        { -- level 2
            servers = {
                { host = "192.168.11.3", port = 8080, weight = 1 },
            }
        },
    },
}
```



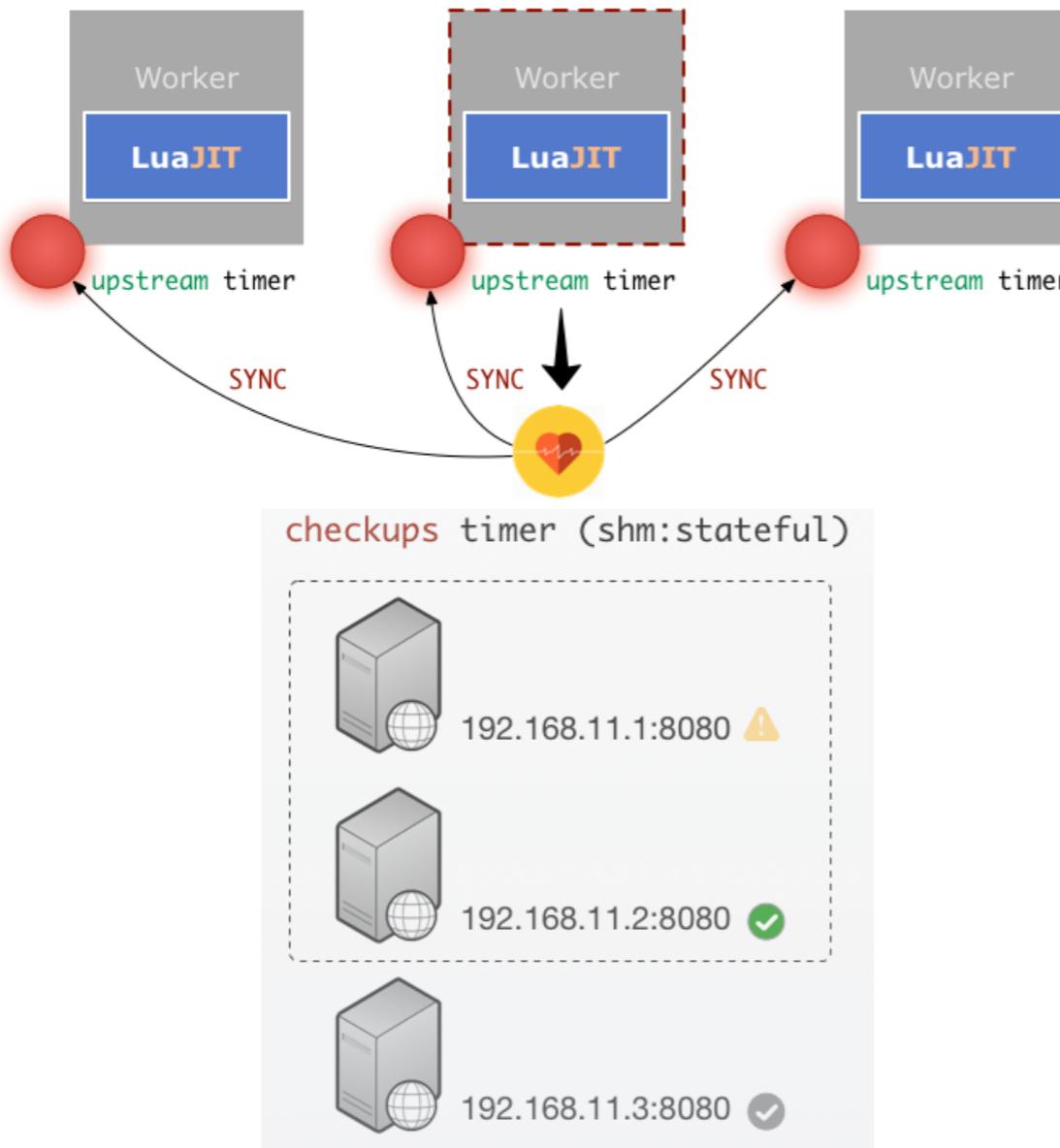
Lua Upstream Health Checks: lua-resty-checkups



```
access_by_lua '
    local checkups = require "resty.checkups"

    -- only one timer is active among all the nginx workers
    checkups.create_checker()
';
```

Lua Upstream Health Checks: checkups with nginx.conf



```
-- app/etc/config.lua

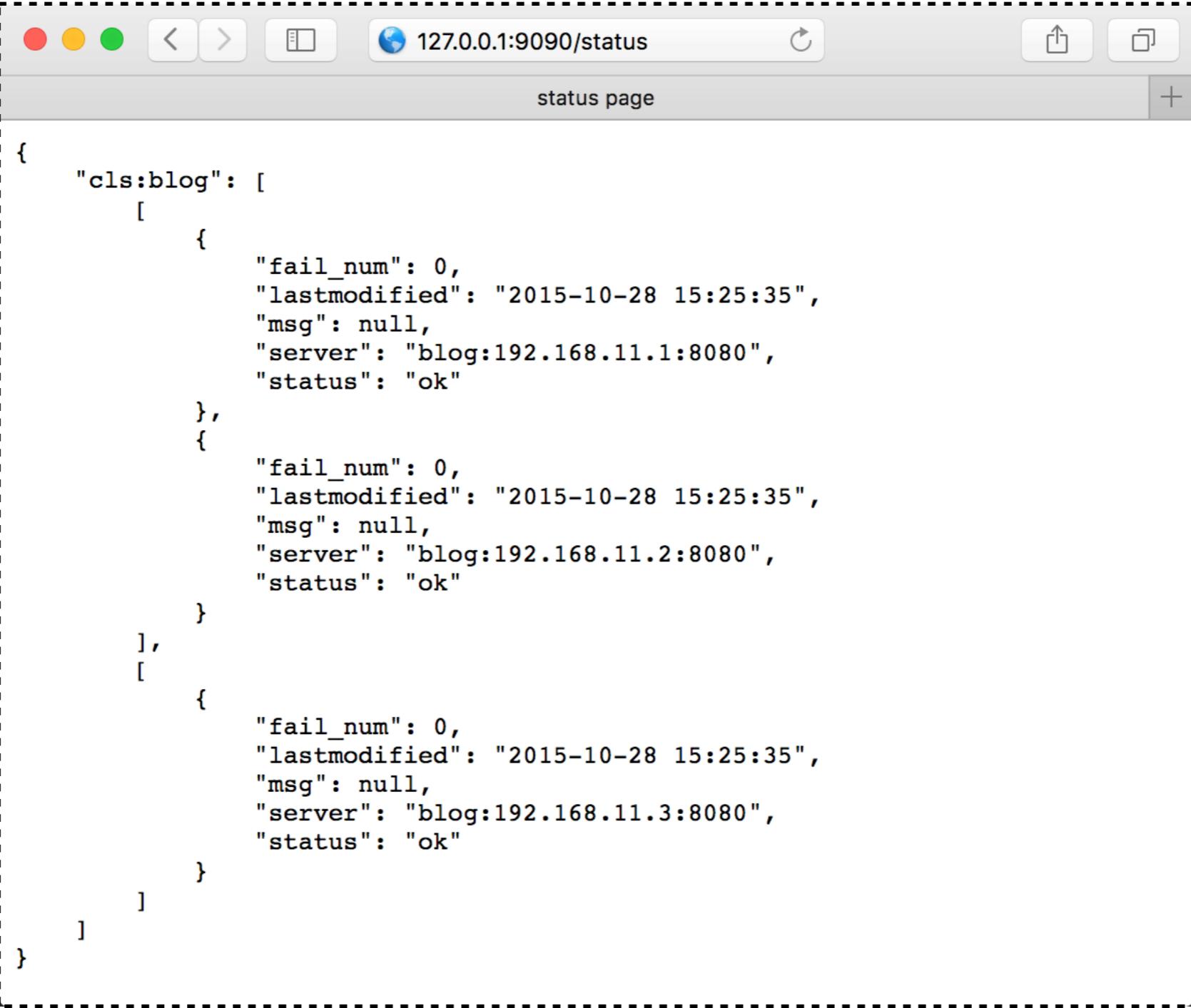
_M.global = {
    checkup_timer_interval = 5,
    checkup_timer_overtime = 60,

    ups_status_sync_enable = true,
    ups_status_timer_interval = 2,
}

_M.blog = {
    cluster = {
        { -- level 1
            try = 2,
            upstream = "blog.upyun.com",
        },
        { -- level 2
            upstream = "blog.upyun.com",
            upstream_only_backup = true,
        },
    },
}
```

[lua-upstream-nginx-module](#)

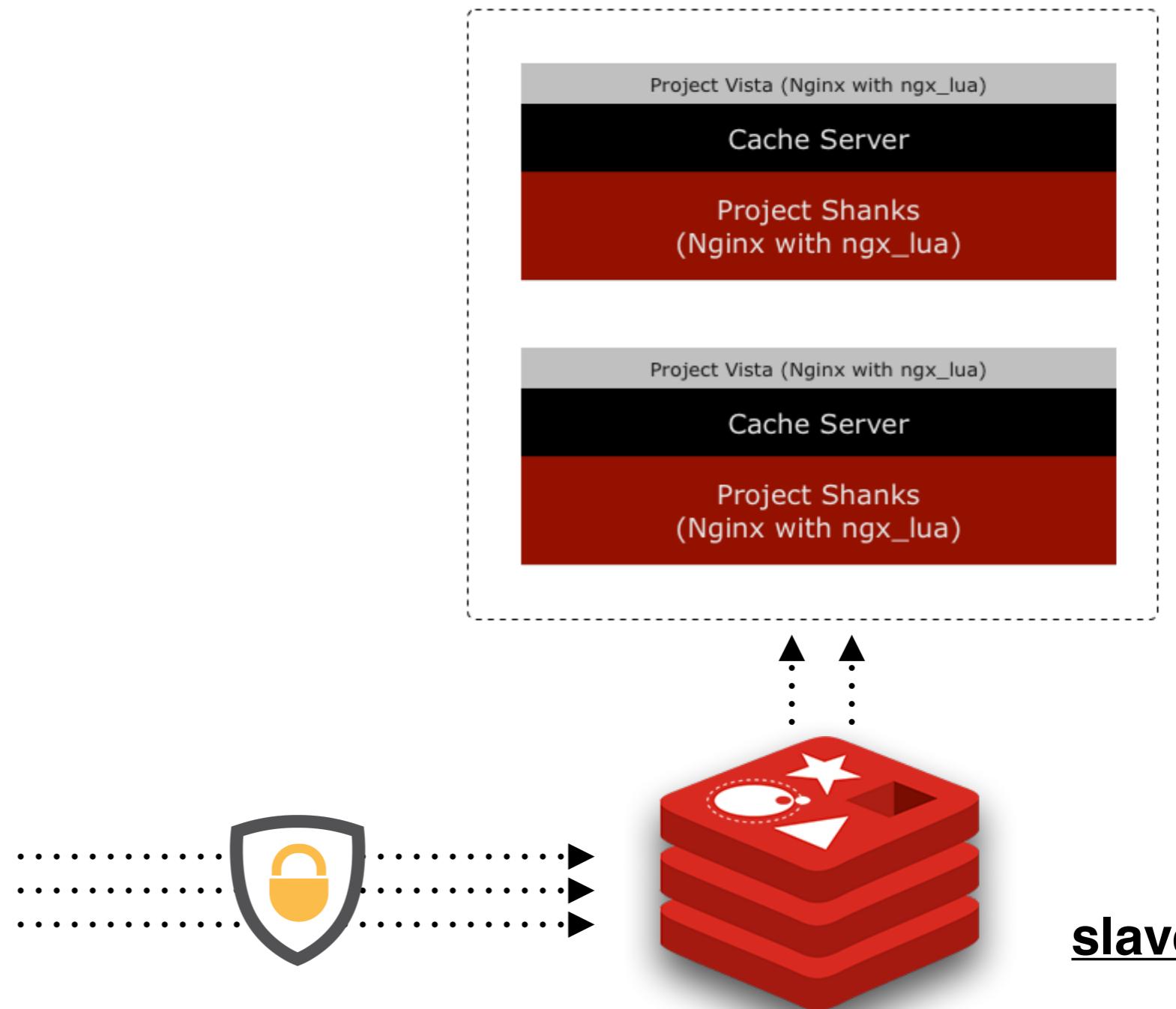
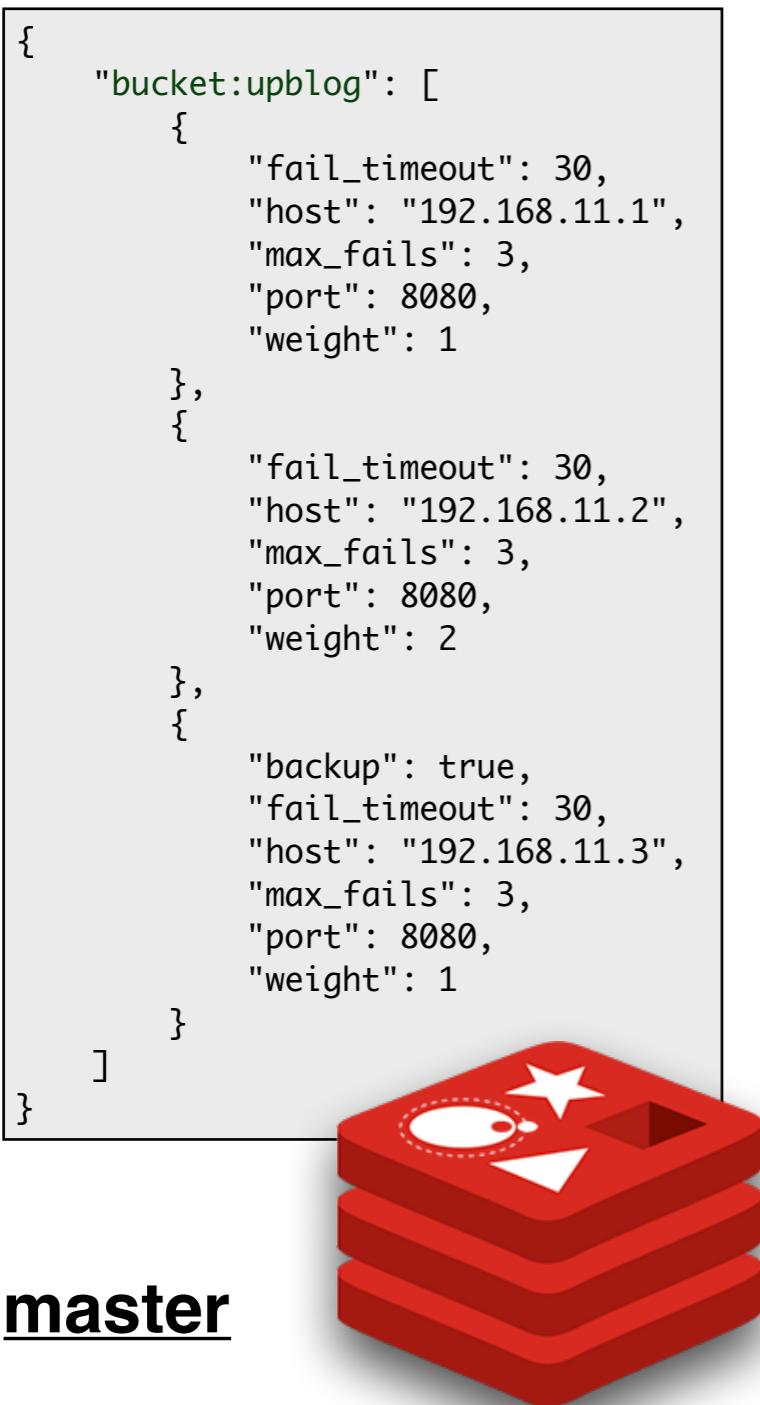
Lua Upstream Health Checks: checkups with [status page](#)



A screenshot of a web browser window displaying a JSON response from the URL `127.0.0.1:9090/status`. The browser's title bar says "status page". The JSON output shows a list of blog entries with their details.

```
{
  "cls:blog": [
    [
      {
        "fail_num": 0,
        "lastmodified": "2015-10-28 15:25:35",
        "msg": null,
        "server": "blog:192.168.11.1:8080",
        "status": "ok"
      },
      {
        "fail_num": 0,
        "lastmodified": "2015-10-28 15:25:35",
        "msg": null,
        "server": "blog:192.168.11.2:8080",
        "status": "ok"
      }
    ],
    [
      {
        "fail_num": 0,
        "lastmodified": "2015-10-28 15:25:35",
        "msg": null,
        "server": "blog:192.168.11.3:8080",
        "status": "ok"
      }
    ]
  ]
}
```

Lua Upstream Dynamically: Configure Everything as JSON



Lua Metadata Cache:

lua-resty-shcache

```
-- app/src/modules/metadata.lua

local shcache = require "resty.shcache"

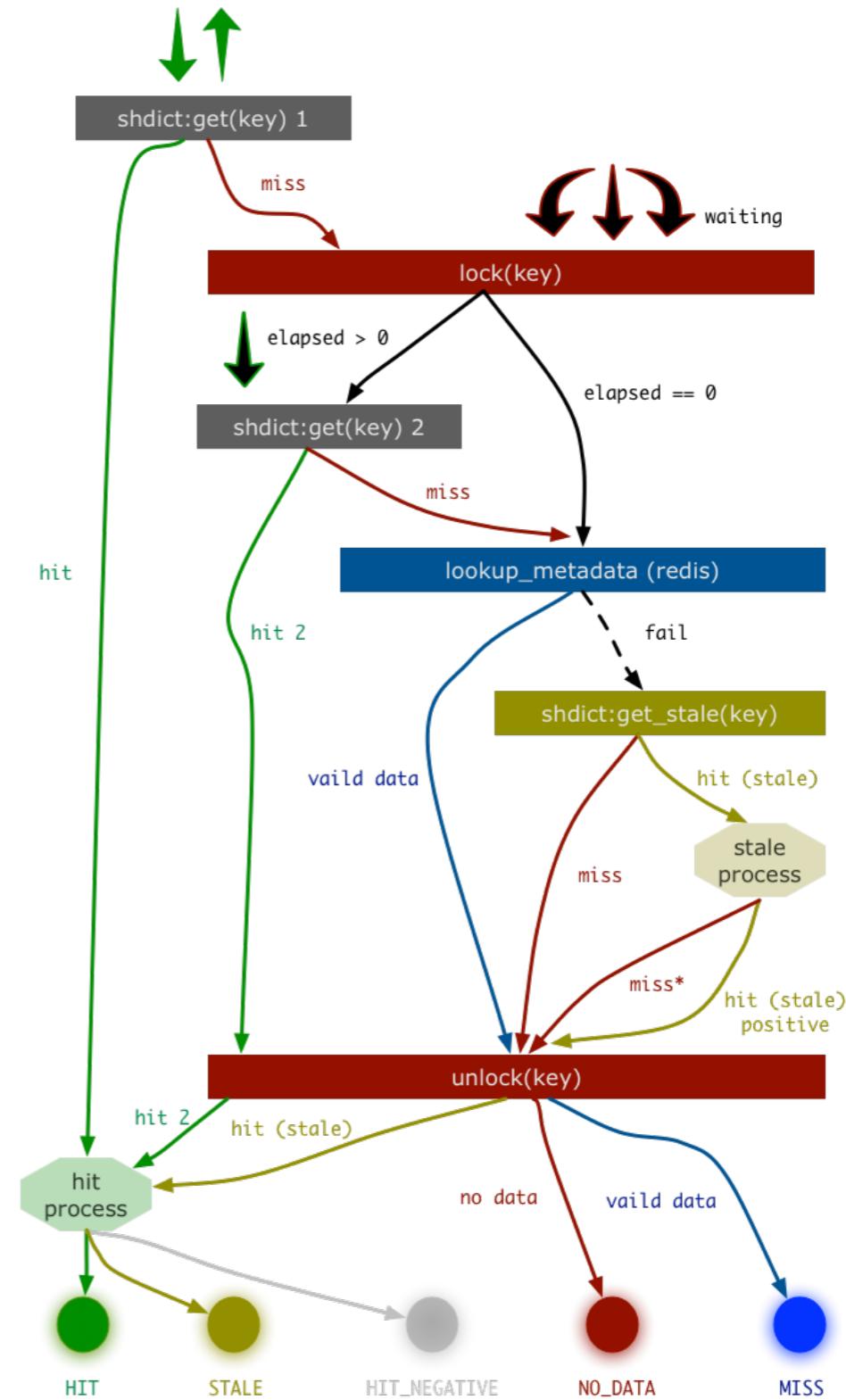
function _M.get_metadata(bucket)
    local lookup_metadata = function ()
        -- fetch from redis
        return res
    end

    local cache_data = shcache:new(
        ngx.shared.metadata,
        { external_lookup = lookup_metadata,
          encode = cmsgpack.pack,
          decode = cmsgpack.unpack,
        },
        { positive_ttl = cache_positive_ttl,
          negative_ttl = cache_negative_ttl,
          name = "metadata",
        }
    )

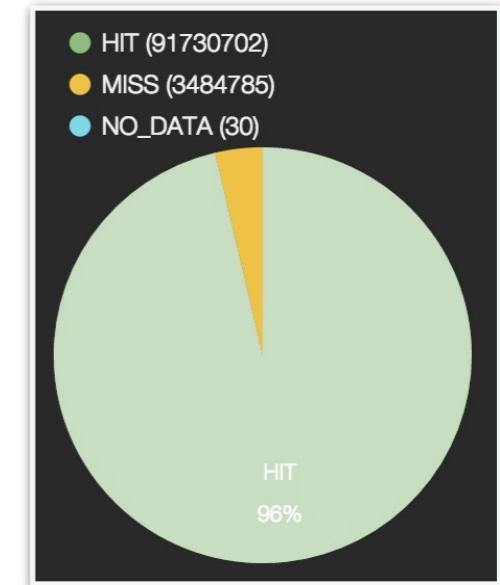
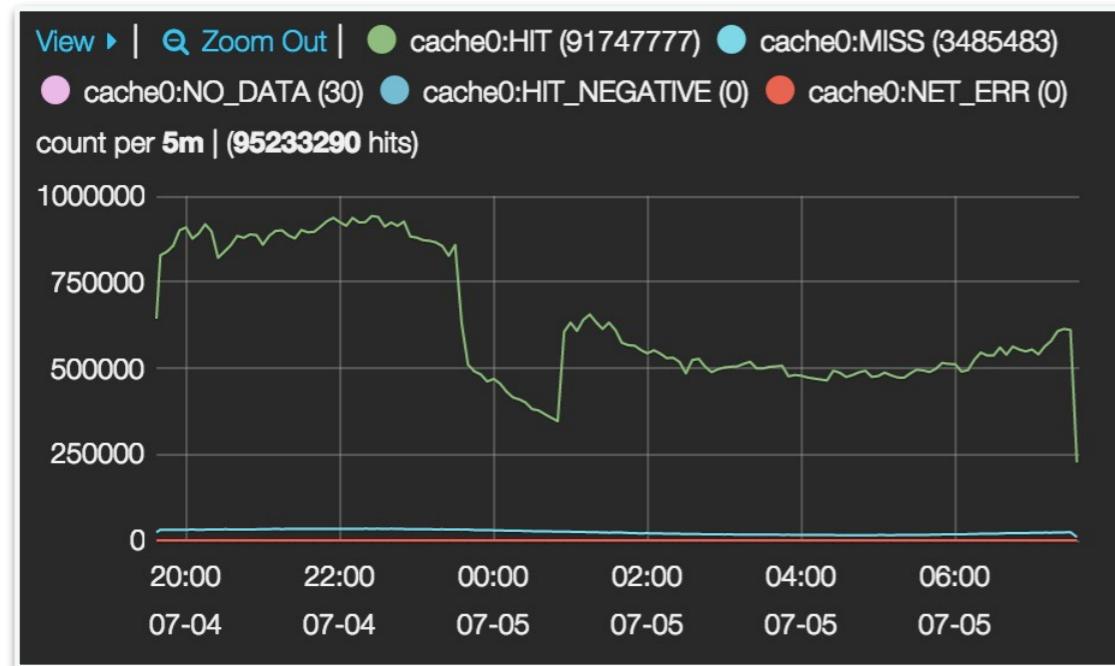
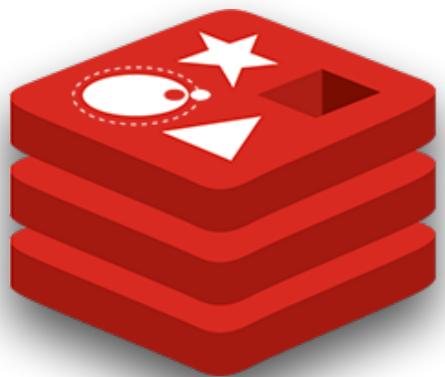
    -- local key = ...

    local data, _ = cache_data:load(key)
    if not data then
        return
    end

    return data
end
```

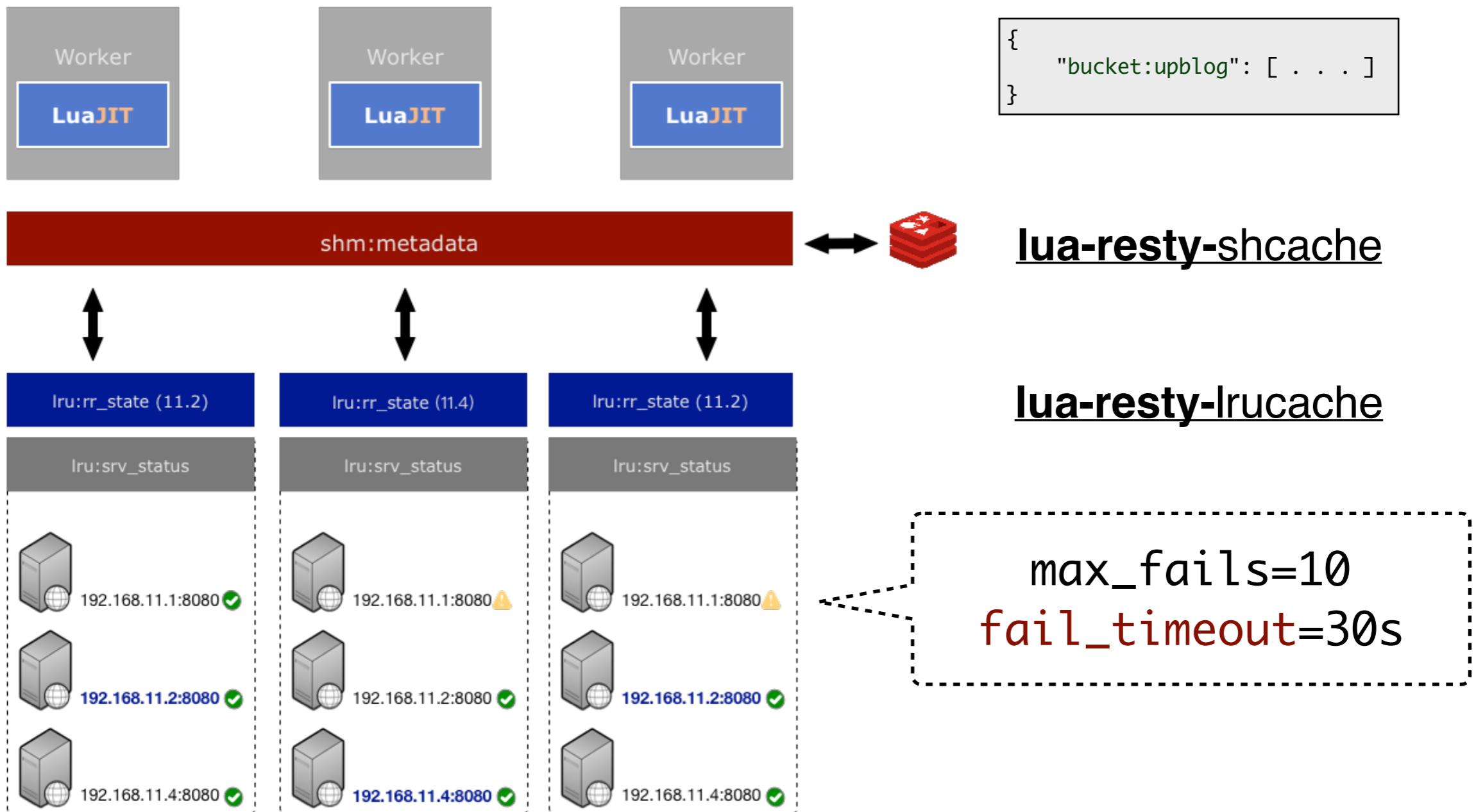


Lua Metadata Cache: lua-resty-db**cache**



- ★ **HIT**
- ★ **STALE**
- ★ **HIT_NEGATIVE**
- ★ **NO_DATA**
- ★ **MISS**
- ★ **??? (NET_ERR)**

Lua Upstream Dynamically: maintaining internal state



Lua Upstream Load Balancing: round-robin with weight

```
function _M.reset_round_robin_state(cls)
    local rr = { index = 0, current_weight = 0 }
    rr.gcd, rr.max_weight, rr.weight_sum = _M.calc_gcd_weight(cls.servers)
    cls.rr = rr
end
```



```
cluster = {
    {
        servers = {
            { host = "127.0.0.1", port = 12351, weight = 1 },
            { host = "127.0.0.1", port = 12352, weight = 4 },
            { host = "127.0.0.1", port = 12353, weight = 3 },
            { host = "127.0.0.1", port = 12355, weight = 6 },
        }
    }
}
```

.....

```
rr.index = 0
rr.current_weight = 0
rr.gcd = 1
rr.max_weight = 6
rr.weight_sum = 14
```

Lua Upstream Load Balancing: round-robin with weight

```
local try_servers_by_round_robin = function(cls, verify_server_status, callback)
```

```
local bad_servers = {}

for i = 1, #cls.servers, 1 do
    local srv, index, err = _M.select_round_robin_server(cls, verify_server_status, bad_servers)
    if not srv then
        return nil, err
    else
        local res, _ = callback(srv)

        if res then
            if srv.effective_weight ~= srv.weight then
                srv.effective_weight = srv.weight
                _M.reset_round_robin_state(cls)
            end
            return res
        end

        if srv.effective_weight > 1 then
            srv.effective_weight = floor(sqrt(srv.effective_weight))
            _M.reset_round_robin_state(cls)
        end

        bad_servers[index] = true
    end
end
```

Lua Upstream Load Balancing: round-robin with weight

```
function _M.select_round_robin_server(cls, verify_server_status, bad_servers)
```

```
local rr = cls.rr
local servers = cls.servers

local index = rr.index
local current_weight = rr.current_weight
local gcd = rr.gcd
local max_weight = rr.max_weight
local weight_sum = rr.weight_sum

local failed = 1
```

```
repeat
```

TALK IS
CHEAP

```
until failed > weight_sum
```

Lua Upstream Load Balancing: round-robin with weight

```
index = index % #servers + 1
if index == 1 then
    current_weight = current_weight - gcd
    if current_weight <= 0 then current_weight = max_weight end
end

local srv = servers[index]
if srv.effective_weight >= current_weight then
    cls.rr.index, cls.rr.current_weight = index, current_weight
    if not bad_servers[index] then
        if verify_server_status then
            if verify_server_status(srv) then
                return srv, index
            else
                if srv.effective_weight > 1 then
                    srv.effective_weight, index, current_weight, failed_count = 1, 0, 0, 0
                    _M.reset_round_robin_state(cls)
                    gcd, max_weight, weight_sum = cls.rr.gcd, cls.rr.max_weight, cls.rr.weight_sum
                end
                failed = failed + 1
            end
        else
            return srv, index
        end
    else
        failed = failed + 1
    end
end
repeat ..... until failed > weight_sum
```

repeat until failed > weight_sum

Lua Upstream Load Balancing: round-robin with weight

```
local verify_server_status = function(srv)
    local peer_key = _gen_key(srv)

    local peer_status = cjson.decode(state:get(PEER_STATUS_PREFIX .. peer_key))
    if peer_status == nil or peer_status.status ~= _M.STATUS_ERR then
        return true
    end

    return
end
```

- ★ **STATUS_OK = 0**
- ★ **STATUS_UNSTABLE = 1**
- ★ **STATUS_ERR = 2**

Lua Upstream Load Balancing:

==== TEST 1: round-robin single level

```
--- http_config eval
":::HttpConfig" . ":::InitConfig"
--- config
  location = /t {
    content_by_lua '
      local checkups = require "resty.checkups"
      checkups.create_checker()
      ngx.sleep(2)
      local dict = {
        [12351] = "A",
        [12352] = "B",
        [12353] = "C",
        [12355] = "E",
      }
      local cb_ok = function(srv)
        ngx.print(dict[srv.port])
        return 1
      end

      for i = 1, 30, 1 do
        local ok, err = checkups.ready_ok("single_level", cb_ok)
        if err then
          ngx.say(err)
        end
      end
    ';
  }
--- request
GET /t
--- response_body: EEBEBCEBCEABCEEEBCEBCEABCEEE
```

```
_M.single_level = {
  cluster = {
    {
      servers = {
        { host = "127.0.0.1", port = 12351, weight = 1 },
        { host = "127.0.0.1", port = 12352, weight = 4 },
        { host = "127.0.0.1", port = 12353, weight = 3 },
        { host = "127.0.0.1", port = 12355, weight = 6 },
      }
    }
  }
}
```

EEBEBCEBCEABCE

.....

Lua Upstream Load Balancing: consistent-hash and more

- ★ `try_servers_by_round_robin`
- ★ `try_cluster_by_round_robin`

```
cluster = {
    {
        servers = {
            { host = "127.0.0.1", port = 12351, weight = 1 },
            { host = "127.0.0.1", port = 12352, weight = 4 },
            { host = "127.0.0.1", port = 12353, weight = 3 },
            { host = "127.0.0.1", port = 12355, weight = 6 },
        }
    },
    {
        servers = {
            { host = "127.0.0.1", port = 12354, weight = 1 },
            { host = "127.0.0.1", port = 12356, weight = 2 },
        }
    }
}
```

- ★ `try_servers_by_consistent_hash`
- ★ `try_cluster_by_consistent_hash`

CDN 设置

X

* 回源 Host: 域名跟随 (?) 自定义

回源方式: HTTP 协议回源 HTTPS 协议回源 协议跟随 (?)

* 源站线路: 电信 移动 联通 BGP 其他 (?)

电信



回源地址	端口号	线路属性	轮询权重 (?)	最大失败次数 (?)	静默时间(秒) (?)
192.168.11.1	: 80	主线路	1	10	30
192.168.11.2	: 80	主线路	2	10	30
192.168.11.3	: 80	备用线路	1	10	30

联通



回源地址	端口号	线路属性	轮询权重 (?)	最大失败次数 (?)	静默时间(秒) (?)
192.168.12.1	: 80	主线路	1	10	30

取消

确定



tianchaijz:

"\$WHEN(\$MATCH(\$_URI, '^/foo/.*'))\$ADD_REQ_HEADER(X-Foo, bar)"



Marco: I GOT IT !

Edge Server

Lua Custom URL rewrite: lua-resty-rewrite I variables

\$_METHOD	\$_SCHEME	
\$_HOST	\$_POST_name	\$_SYM_sym
\$_HOST_n	\$_HEADER_name	
	\$_COOKIE_name	\$_URI
\$_GET_name	\$_RANDOM_n	\$_RANDOM
	\$_QUERY	

Lua Custom URL rewrite: lua-resty-rewrite I functions

\$ENCODE_BASE64(E)	\$ALL(E1, E2, ...)	\$UPPER(E)
\$ANY(E1, E2, ...)	\$DECODE_BASE64(E)	\$LOWER(E)
\$SUB(E1, from, to)	\$WHEN(E1, E2, ...)	\$MATCH(E1, E2)
\$GT(E1, E2)	\$ADD_REQ_HEADER(E1, E2)	
\$GE(E1, E2)	\$DEL_REQ_HEADER(E1)	
\$EQ(E1, E2)	\$ADD_RSP_HEADER(E1, E2)	

Lua Custom URL rewrite: lua-resty-rewrite I break

```
rewrite /download/(.*)/(.*) /$1/$2.mp3?_session=$_COOKIE_id?
rewrite /download/(.*)/(.*) /$1/$2.mp3?user=$_HOST_1 break
```

...



See More: <https://github.com/upyun/docs/issues/5>

http://io.upyun.com/2015/03/09/hello-world/?foo=bar

[scheme] [host] [path] [query]

Lua Custom Cache-Control: Using specific URI rules

```
location ^~ /www/ {  
    if ($query_string ~* "foo=bar") {  
        expires 300s;  
    }  
}  
  
location ^~ /images/ {  
    expires 1h;  
}  
  
location ~* \.jpg$ {  
    expires 1d;  
}
```

特殊缓存内容		不缓存内容	编辑	删除所选项
<input type="checkbox"/>	全选	缓存规则	缓存时间 (秒) <input type="text"/>	
<input type="checkbox"/>		/www/*?foo=bar	300	
<input type="checkbox"/>		/images/*	3600	
<input type="checkbox"/>		*.jpg	86400	

Lua Custom SSL: Certificates Load & OCSP stapling

HTTPS 服务方式：默认 UPYUN 域名 你可以开启自主域名的 HTTPS 服务，[立即购买](#) [添加 SSL 证书](#)

证书编号	证书颁发对象	使用组织名称	有效期	已配置域名	操作
02af75eee15a0266d59a48d0f34e1a9d	www.sw.com	浙江季产品网络集团	2015-06-10 - 2015-07-10	0 个	管理 删除 查看
6128f9efa587cc20ab16ea69b1b0e5b6	www.sw.com	浙江季产品网络集团	2015-06-01 - 2015-07-01	0 个	管理 删除 查看
UPYUN 默认 HTTPS 证书					9 个
					管理

使用说明

1. 一个绑定域名只能使用一个 SSL 证书，配置开启 HTTPS 服务；
2. 泛域名证书配置给子域名开启 HTTPS 服务，需到对应空间下的“通用-域名管理”操作；
3. 默认 UPYUN 域名的 HTTPS 服务使用，按照空间进行配置管理；
4. HTTPS 服务功能配置生效时间，全网 1~10 分钟。

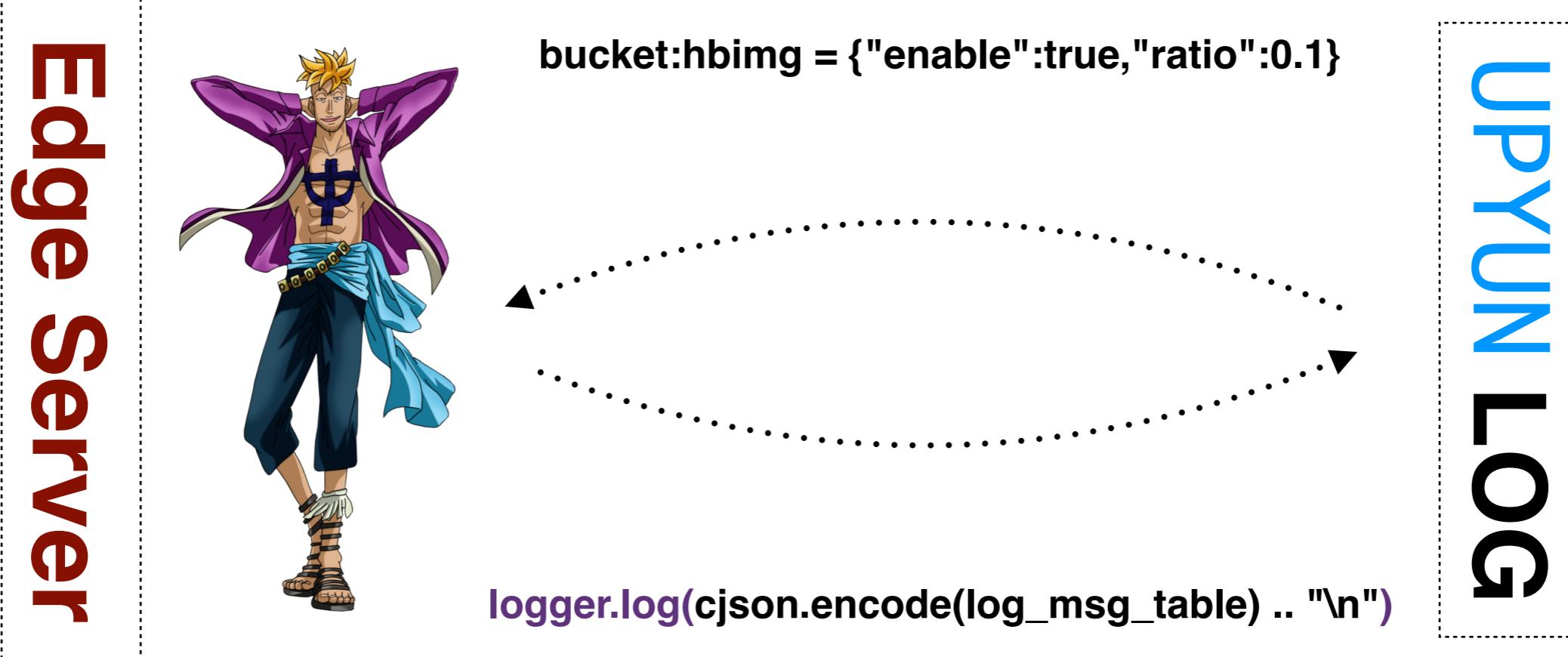
```
server {
    listen 443 ssl;
    server_name upyun.com;

    ssl_certificate      upyun.com.pem;
    ssl_certificate_key  upyun.com.key;

    ssl_stapling on;
    ssl_stapling_verify on;
    ssl_trusted_certificate /etc/ssl/private/ca-certs.pem;
}
```

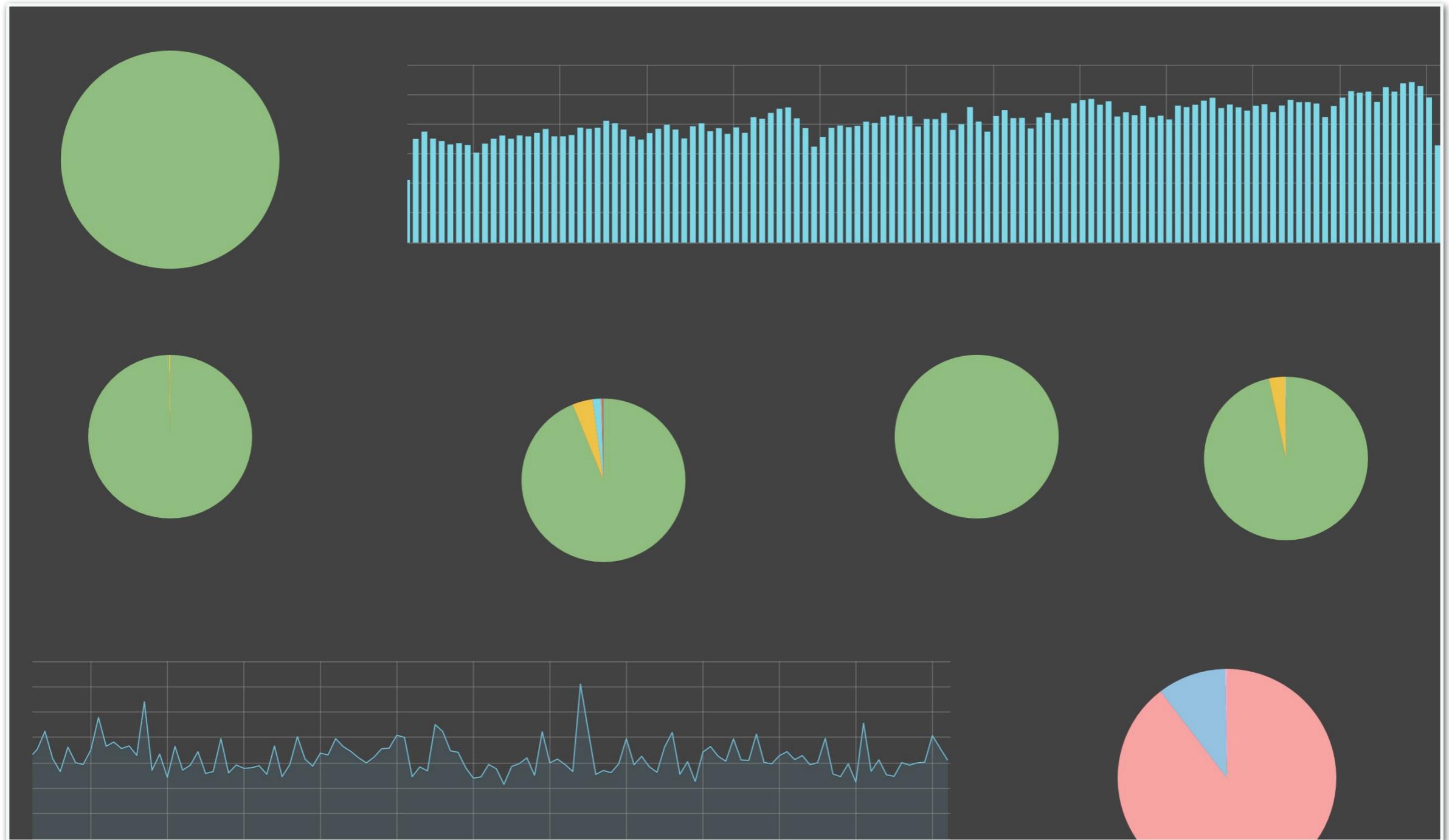
Lua Custom Logging: lua-resty-logger-socket

```
log_format combined '$remote_addr - $remote_user [$time_local] '
                    '"$request" $status $body_bytes_sent '
                    '"$http_referer" "$http_user_agent"';  
  
server {
    access_log /path/to/access.log combined buffer=4096;
    . . .
}
```

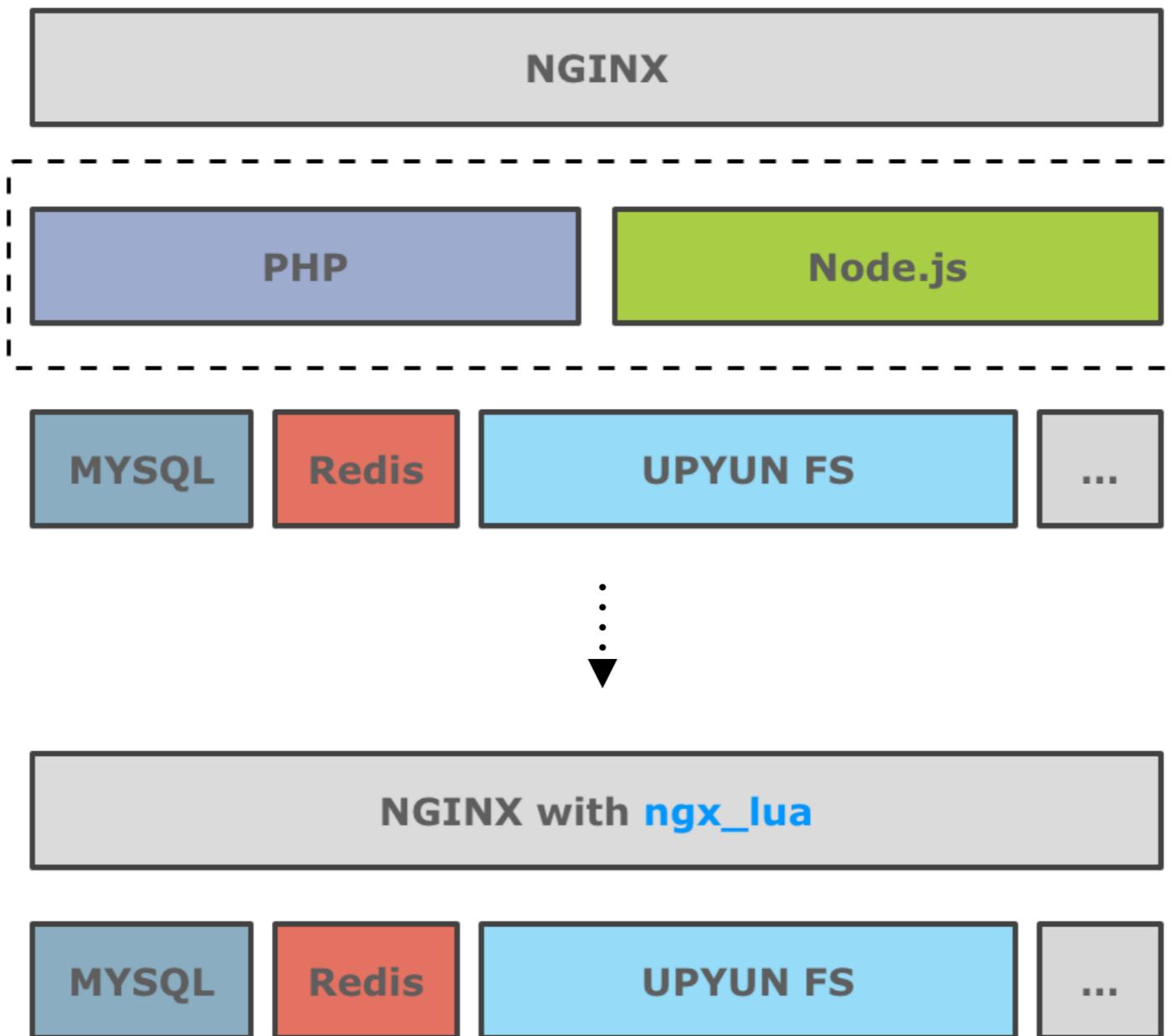


UPYUN LOG Platform:

HAProxy + Heka + Kafka + Elasticsearch + Kibana

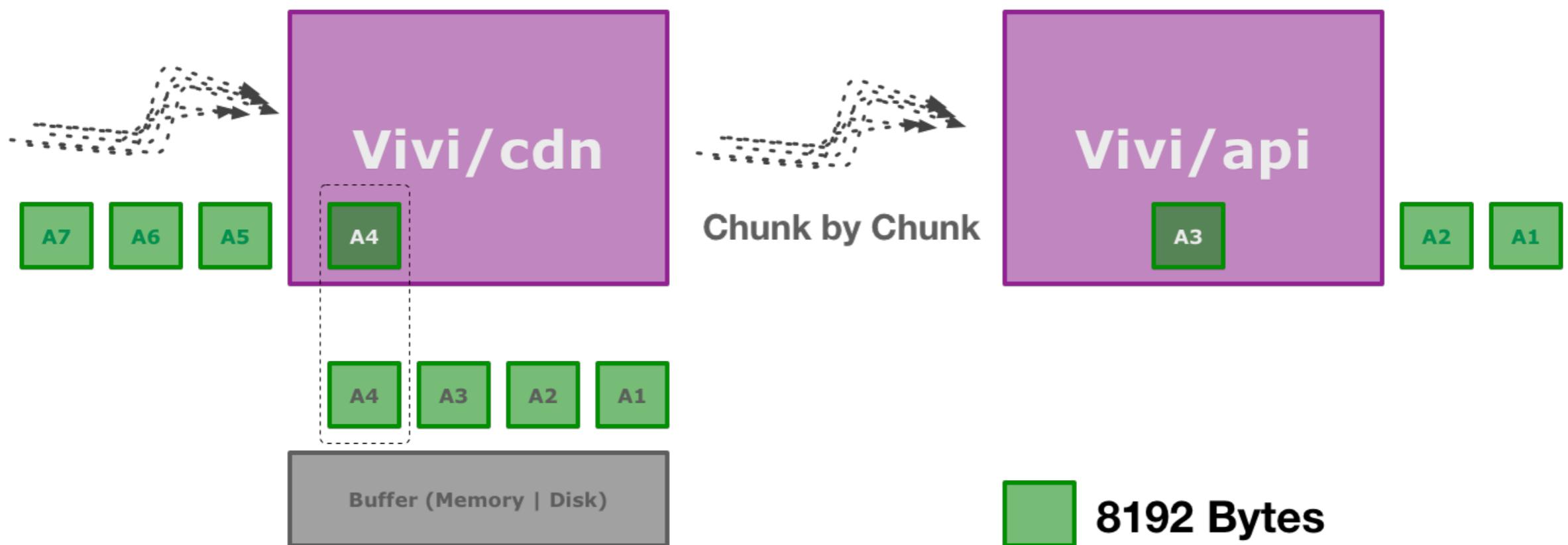


UPYUN API



```
location /upload {  
    proxy_request_buffering off;  
    ...  
}
```

Lua Streaming Upload



```
ngx.req.init_body()  
ngx.req.append_body(chunk)  
ngx.req.finish_body()
```

Lua CDN

Lua WAF

Lua SSL

Lua API

Join our team



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blog.cloudflare.com Openresty **LuaJIT** Github
Maxim Dounin Igor Sysoev chaoslawful
<https://groups.google.com/forum/#!forum/OpenResty>
Ansible Michael Pall Open source

Thanks

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Q & A